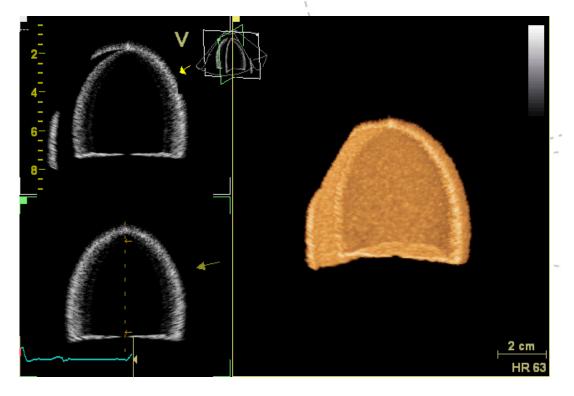
## Fast Ultrasound Simulation in K-space

Torbjørn Hergum, NTNU

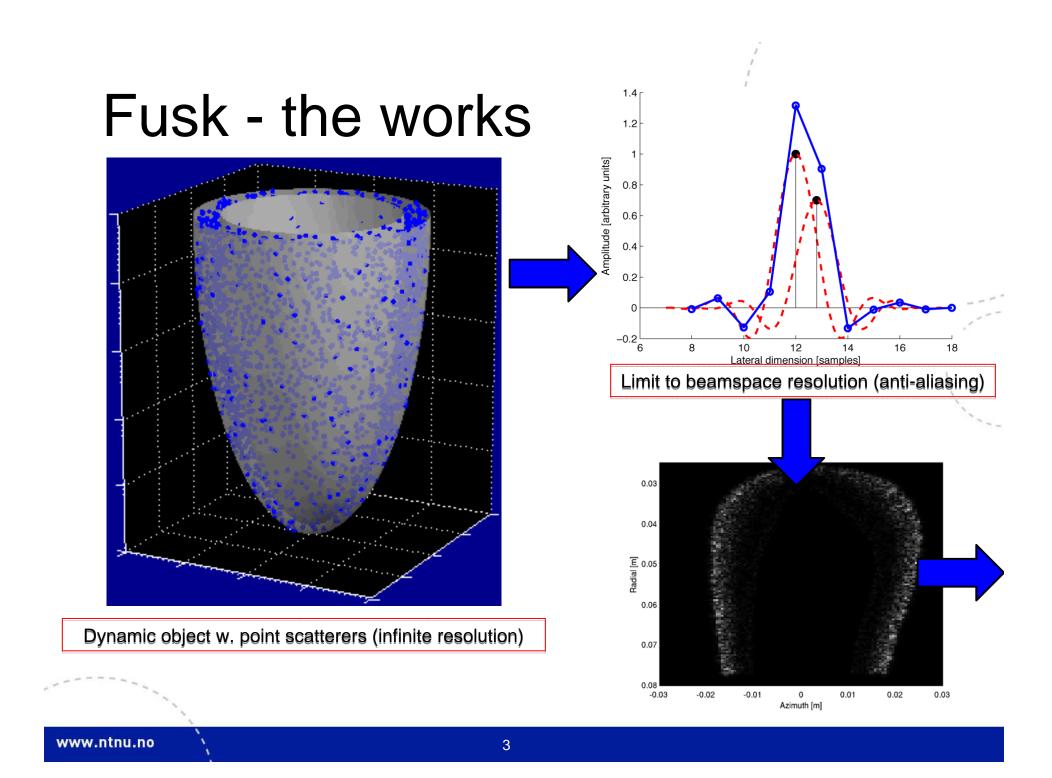


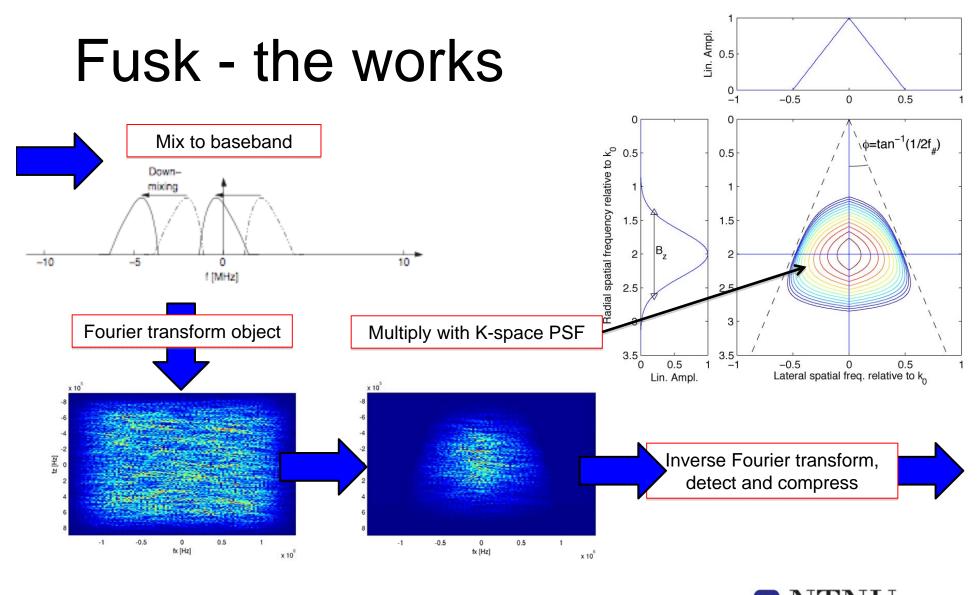
## Fast Ultrasound Simulation in K-space

- Want tool for validation of 3D quantitative methods
- Fusk = Fast Ultrasound simulation in K-space
- Fusk simulates one frame of a 3D ventricle in ~20 seconds
- Point scatterers as input object, for instance from FEM-simulations





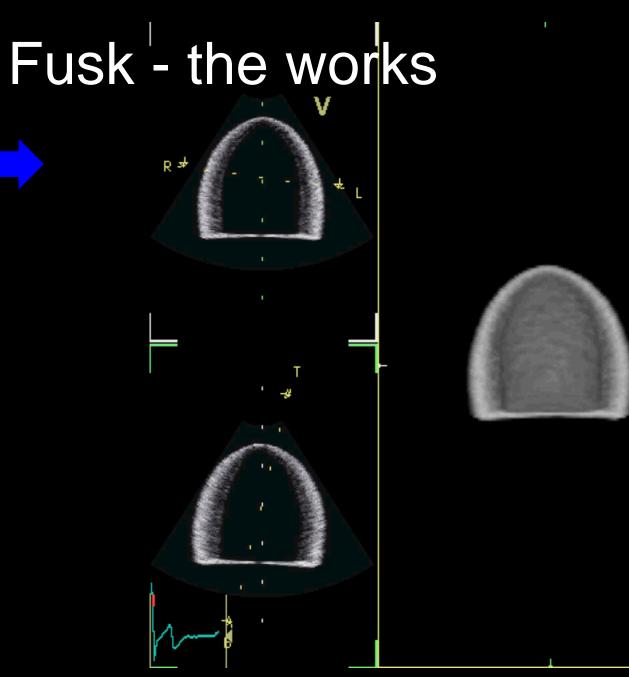




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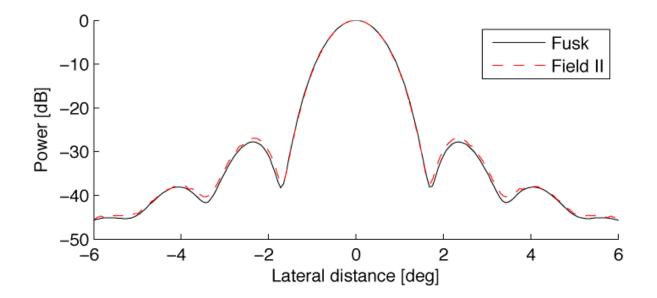
Simulated ultrasound image

-20

-10

# Results

Comparing beam profiles with Field 2



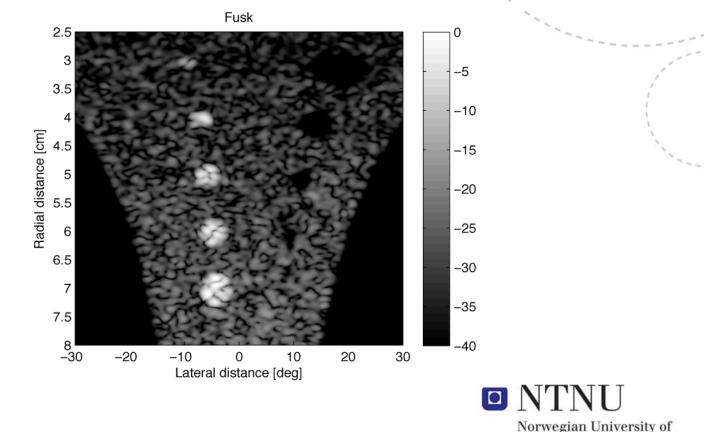


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# Results

Comparing cyst phantoms

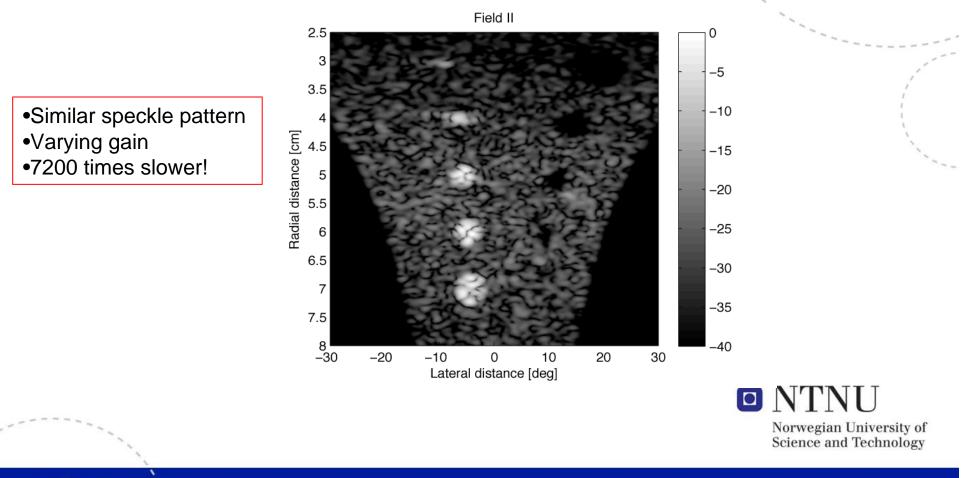


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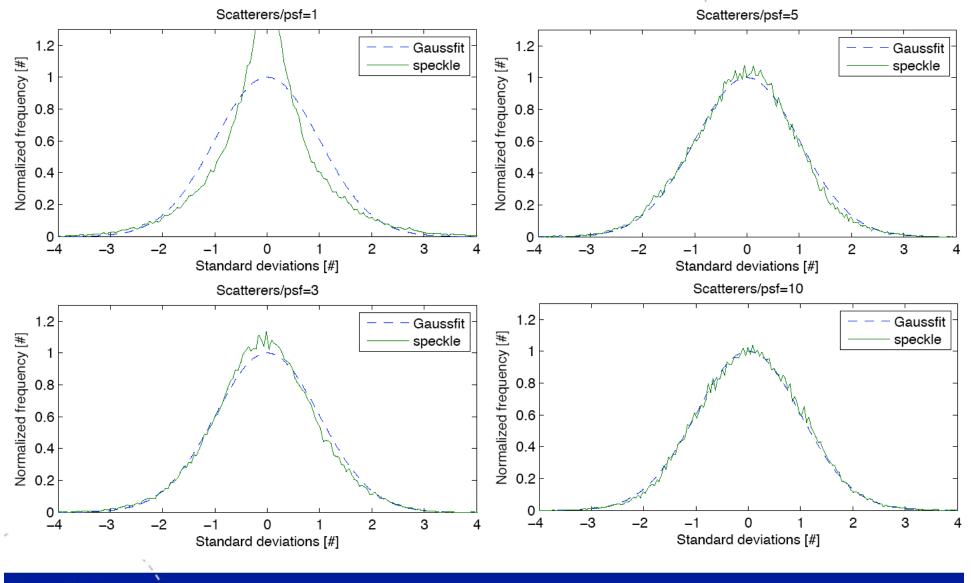
Norwegian University of Science and Technology

# Results

Comparing cyst phantoms

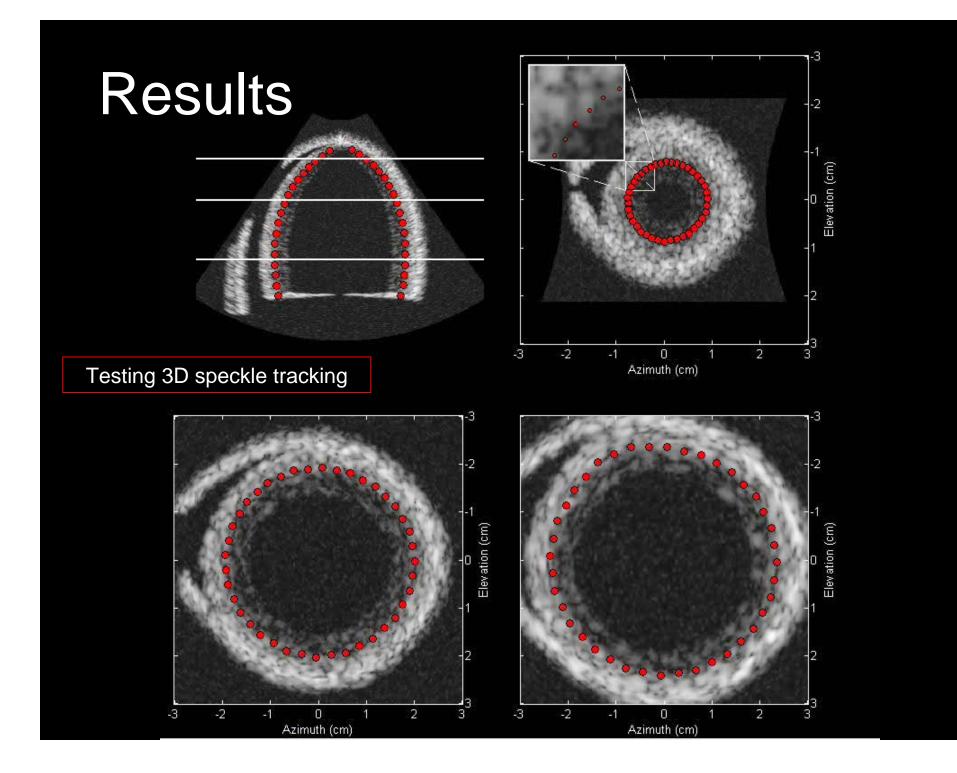


# Scatterer density, random pos.



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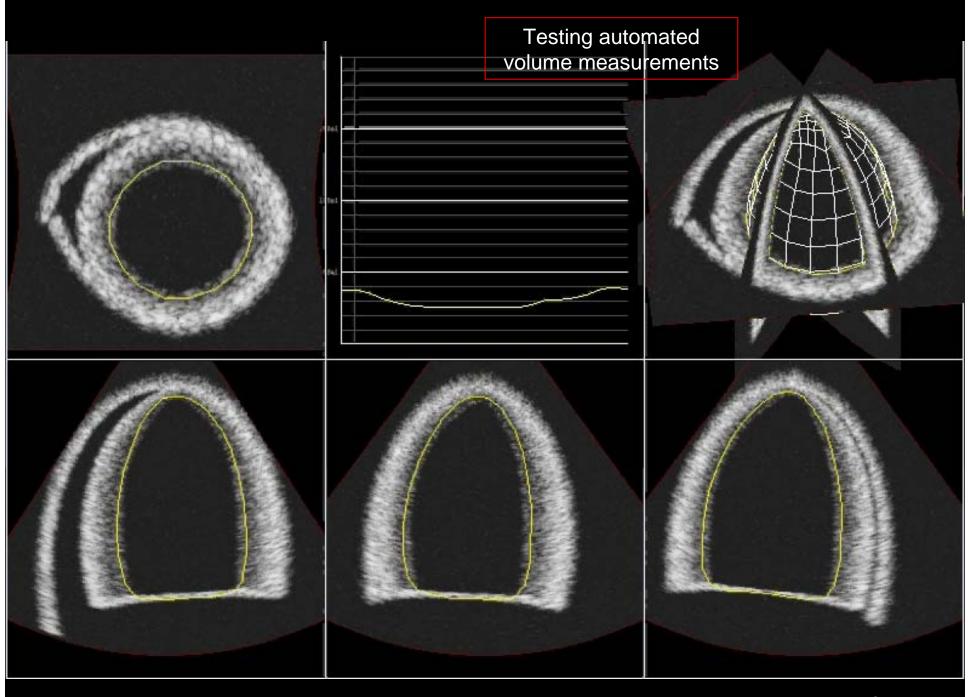
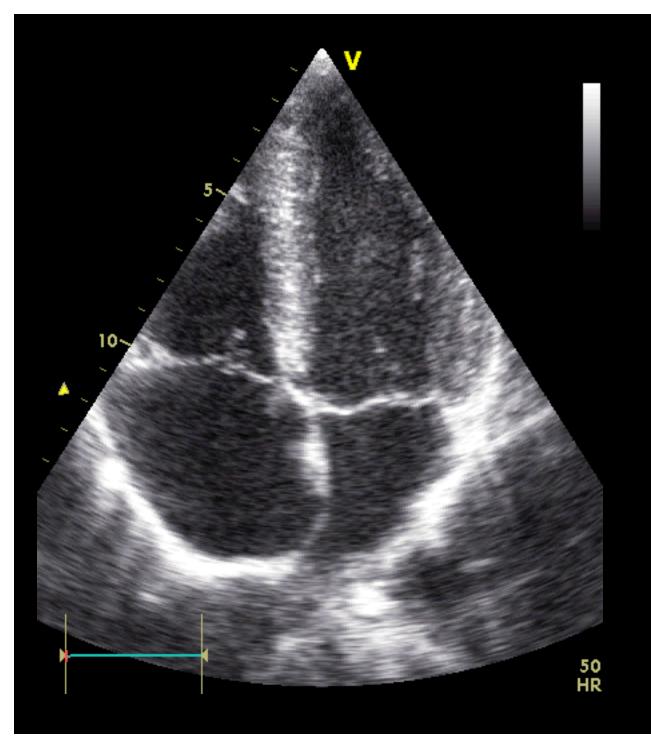
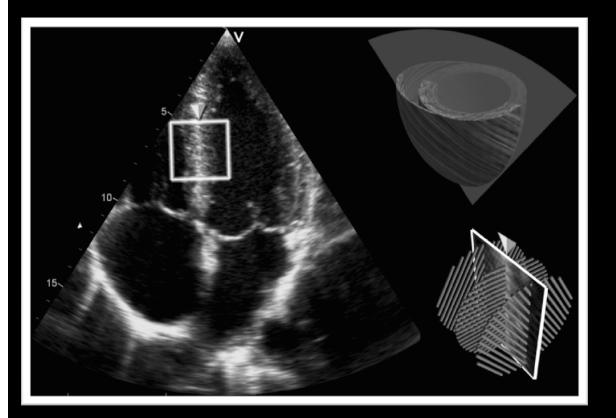


Figure by Fredrik Orderud



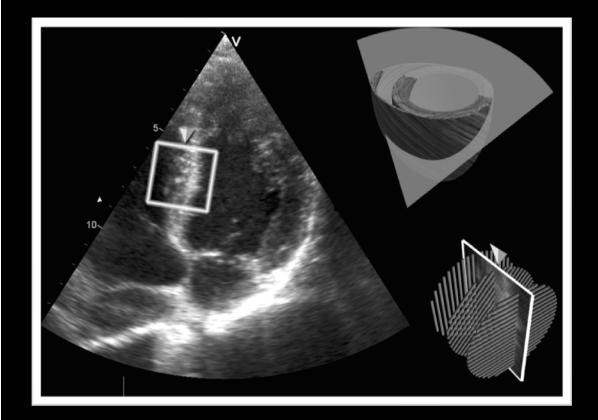
Intensity variations in myocard is not reproduced with point scatterer phantoms

### Backscatter depends on fiber angle



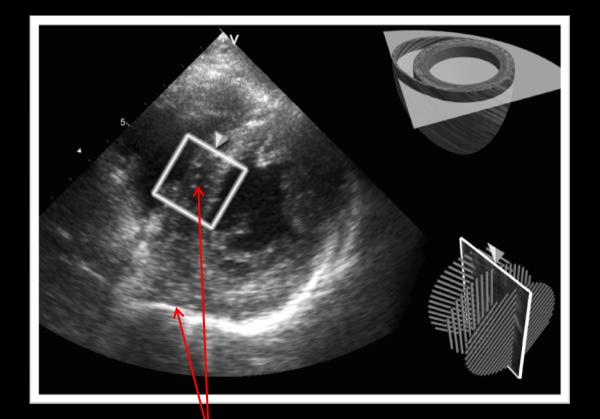
Examining septum from different angles makes the bright line shift sideways

### Backscatter depends on fiber angle



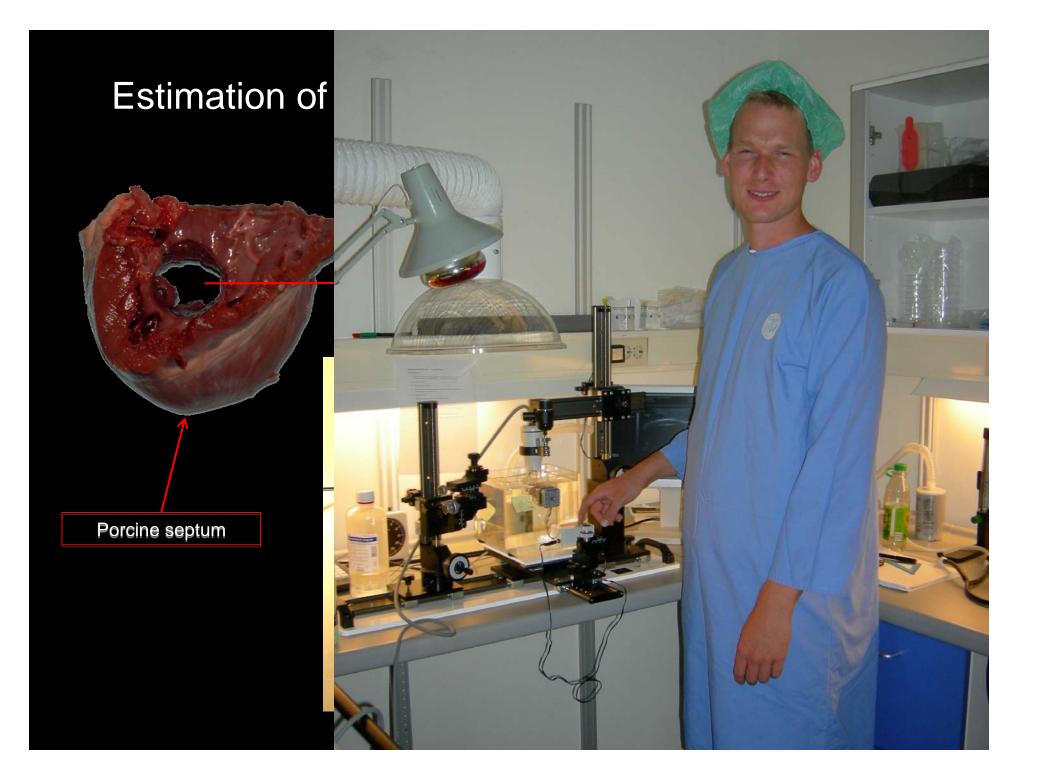
Examining septum from different angles makes the bright line shift sideways

### Backscatter depends on fiber angle

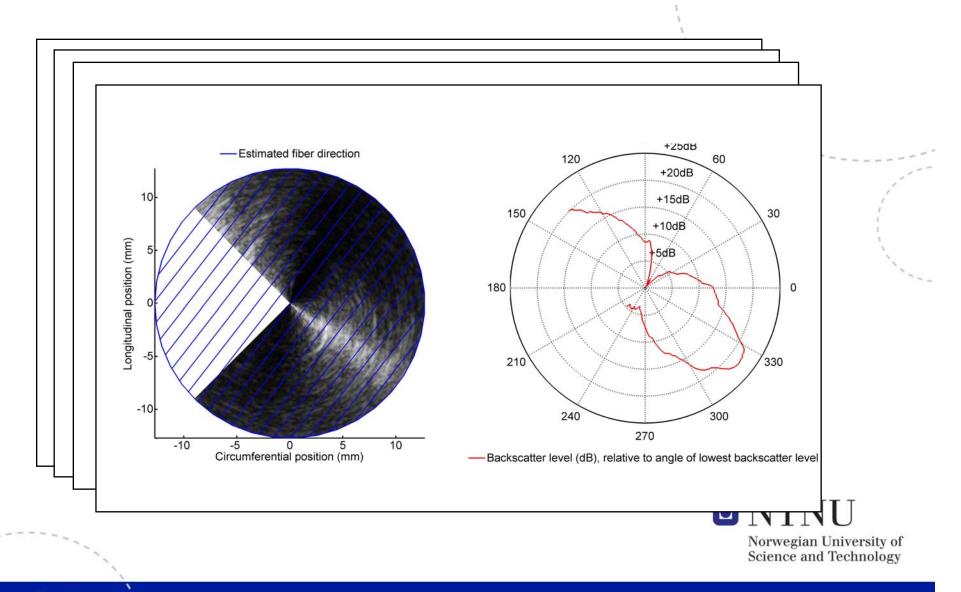


Examining septum from different angles makes the bright line shift sideways

Backscatter void not just attenuation: no shadow beneath

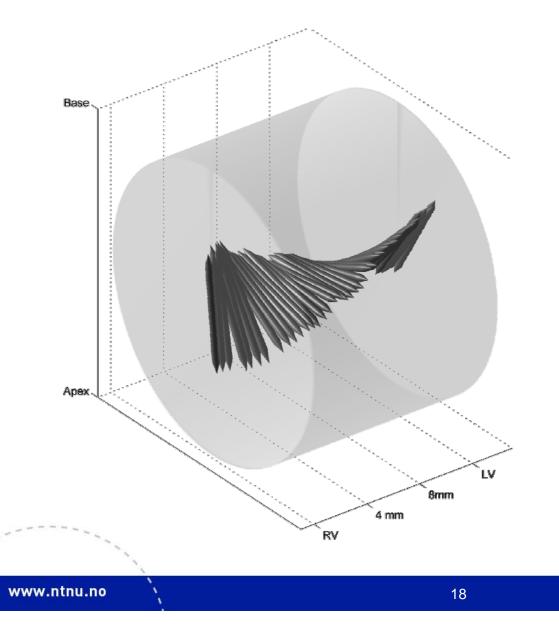


#### Fiber direction estimated for layers through septum



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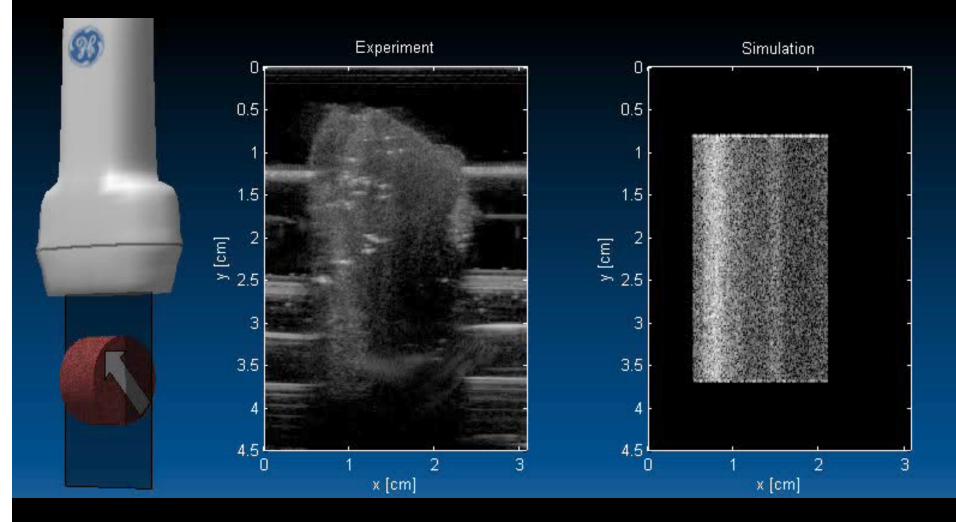
### Estimated fiber angle of the sample



- These fiber angles used for simulation
- Initially point scatterers with gaussian amplitudes
- Filtered with directional smoothing



## Result



Bright line in simulations matches reality